

**MAT455 - PROBLEM SET 7 - DUE ON FRIDAY,
NOVEMBER 11, 2011**

PROBLEM 1 – [CONNECTED LIE GROUPS]

Classify all connected Lie groups of dimension $d \leq 2$.

PROBLEM 2 – [SUBGROUPS OF LIE GROUPS]

Let H be an abstract subgroup of a Lie group G and let \mathfrak{h} be a subspace of \mathfrak{g} . Let $U \subset \mathfrak{g}$ be a neighborhood of $0 \in \mathfrak{g}$ and $V \subset G$ a neighborhood of $e \in G$ such that the exponential map $\exp : U \rightarrow V$ is a diffeomorphism. Suppose that

$$\exp(U \cap \mathfrak{h}) = V \cap H.$$

Show that

- (1) H is a Lie subgroup of G with the relative topology.
- (2) \mathfrak{h} is a Lie subalgebra of \mathfrak{g} .
- (3) \mathfrak{h} is the Lie algebra of H .

PROBLEM 3 – [LIE DERIVATIVE]

Let X and Y be smooth vector fields on a manifold M . Recall that the Lie derivative $(L_X Y)_m$ of Y with respect to X at $m \in M$ is defined by

$$(L_X Y)_m = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{dX_{-t}(Y_{X_t(m)}) - Y_m}{t} = \left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} (dX_{-t}(Y_{X_t(m)})),$$

where X_t is the (local) one-parameter group of transformations associated to X . Show that $L_X Y = [X, Y]$, where $[X, Y]$ is the Lie bracket of vector fields, defined by

$$[X, Y](f) = X_m(Yf) - Y_m(Xf),$$

for all $f \in C^\infty(M)$.

PROBLEM 4 – [$SL(2, \mathbb{C})$]

Let $SL(2, \mathbb{C})$ act on itself by conjugation. Determine all the orbits.

PROBLEM 5 – [HAAR MEASURE]

- (1) Let G be a real Lie group of dimension n . Let V be the real vector space of all smooth n -forms which are invariant under left translation by G . Show that $\dim(V) = 1$. Prove that for any $\omega \in V$, the corresponding Borel measure on G is a left Haar measure.

- (2) Let μ be a left Haar measure for G and Δ the modular function. Prove that $\Delta(y) = \det \text{Ad}(y)^{-1}$ for all $y \in G$. Show that G is unimodular if and only if $\text{tr} \text{ad}(X) = 0$ for all $X \in \mathfrak{g}$. Deduce that all classical Lie groups are unimodular. Give an example of a group which is not unimodular.
- (3) Let $G = GL(n, \mathbb{R}) \subset \mathbb{R}^{n^2}$. Let dX denote the Lebesgue measure on \mathbb{R}^{n^2} . Show that $d\mu = \frac{dX}{|\det(X)|^n}$ is a left Haar measure on G . Obtain the corresponding formula for $GL(n, \mathbb{C})$. [Note: what I wrote in class today $d\mu = \frac{dX}{|\det(X)|}$ was wrong.]